

THE ROOTS OF TERRORISM

Selected resources

Available in the *American Resource Center*

Books and Documents

- THE AGE OF TERROR: America and the world after September 11/ John Lewis Gaddis et al. Ed.: Talbott Strobe and Chanda, Nayen. Basic Books; Yale Center for the Study of Globalization, 2001. 232 p. 973.931 AGE
- Anderson, Sean.
HISTORICAL DICTIONARY OF TERRORISM. Scarecrow, 2002. 588 p. REF 909 AND
- THE BATTLE FOR HEARTS AND MINDS: using soft power to undermine terrorists networks. Ed. By Alexander T. J. Lennon. MIT Press, 2003. 392 p. 363.32 BAT
- Bernstein, Richard.
OUT OF THE BLUE: the story of September 11, 2001, from Jihad to Ground Zero. Times Books, 2002. 287 p. 973.931 BER
- Cole, David.
TERRORISM AND THE CONSTITUTION: sacrificing civil liberties in the name of national security. W.W. Norton, 2002. 231 p. 342.73 COL
- COLLATERAL LANGUAGE: a user's guide to America's new war. Ed. by John Collins and Ross Glover. N.Y. Univ. Press, 2002. 230 p. 973.931 COL
- COMBATING TERRORISM: are there lessons learned from foreign experiences. (Online) CRS Report for Congress. Congressional Research Service. January 18, 2002. Available at: <http://fpc.state.gov/documents/organization/7957.pdf>
- Combs, Cindy C.
ENCYCLOPEDIA OF TERRORISM. Facts on File, 2002. 339 p. REF 303.625 COM
- Dershowitz, Alan M.
WHY TERRORISM WORKS: understanding the threat, responding to the challenge. Yale Univ. Press, 2002. 271 p. 303.625 DER
- Esposito, John L.
UNHOLY WAR: terror in the name of Islam. Oxford Univ. Press, 2002. 196 p. 322.4208 ESP
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AFTER JIHAD: America and the struggle for Islamic democracy. Farrar, Straus, and Giroux, 2003. 260 p. 321.8091 FEL
- FOREIGN TERRORIST ORGANIZATIONS. (Online) Library of Congress. Congressional Research Service. February 6, 2004. 111 p. Available at: <http://www.fas.org/irp/crs/RL32223.pdf>
- Frum, David and Perle, Richard.
AN END TO EVIL: how to win the war on terror. Random House, 2003. 284 p. 973.931 FRU
- Friedman, Thomas L.
LONGITUDES AND ATTITUDES: exploring the world after September 11. Farrar, Straus Giroux, 2002. 383 p. 973.931 FRI
- Gopin, Marc.
HOLY WAR, HOLY PEACE: how religion can bring peace to the Middle East. Oxford Univ. Press, 2002. 269 p. 956.05 GOP
- Hiro, Dilip.
WAR WITHOUT END: the rise of Islamist terrorism and the global response. Routledge, 2002. 513 p. 956.04 HIR
- INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM IN SOUTH ASIA, by K. Alan Kronstadt. (Online). Library of Congress. Congressional Research Service. November 3, 2003. 6 p. Available at: <http://fpc.state.gov/documents/organization/26047.pdf>
- Miller, John.
THE CELL: inside the 9/11 plot and why the FBI and CIA failed to stop it. Hyperion, 2002. 336 p. 973.931 MIL
- Nacos, Brigitte Lebens.
MASS-MEDIATED TERRORISM: the central role of the media in terrorism and counterterror-

ism. Rowman & Littlefield, 2002. 219 p. 070.4493 NAC

NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR COMBATING TERRORISM (Online). White House, February 2003. 36 p. Available at: <http://www.usembassy.fi/pdffiles/CTS2003.pdf>

NETWORKS AND NETWORKS: the future of terror, crime, and militancy. Ed.: Arquilla, John and Ronfeldt, David. Rand, 2001. 371 p. 303.625 NET

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SAUDI ARABIA ENTERS THE 21ST CENTURY: IV. Opposition and Islamic Extremism . Final Review (Online). Anthony H. Cordesman. Center for Strategic and International Studies. December 2002. 78 p. Available at: http://www.csis.org/burke/saudi21/S21_04.pdf

SECURITY IN THE PERSIAN GULF: origins, obstacles, and the search for consensus. Ed.: Potter, Lawrence G. and Sick, Gary G. Palgrave, 2001. 284 p. 327.0953 SEC

STRIKING TERROR: America's new war. Wilcox, Philip C. et al. Ed.: Silvers, Robert B. and Epstein, Barbara. New York Review Books, 2002. 374 p. 363.32 STR

TERRORISM: a documentary history. Comp. by Bruce Maxwell. CQ Press, 2003. 494 p. REF 303.625 TER

TERRORISM AND NATIONAL SECURITY: ISSUES AND TRENDS (Online). Issue Brief for Congress. Congressional Research Service. Updated December 22, 2003. 20 p. Available at: <http://www.usembassy.fi/pdffiles/IB10119.pdf>

TERRORIST FINANCING: U.S. agencies should systematically assess terrorists' use of alternative financing mechanisms (Online). United States General Accounting Office (GAO). November 2003. 55 p. Available at: <http://www.gao.gov/new.items/d04163.pdf>

Articles

DEMOCRACY: terrorism's uncertain antidote, by Thomas Carothers. Current History, December 2003, pp. 403-406.

DEMOCRATIZATION IN THE ARAB WORLD? By Jason Brownlee, et al. Journal of Democracy, October 2002, pp. 5-68.

ENGAGING FAILING STATES, by Chester A. Crocker. Foreign Affairs, September/October 2003, pp. 32-44.

THE FUTURE OF POLITICAL ISLAM, by Graham E. Fuller. Foreign Affairs, March/April 2002, pp. 48-60.

IN THE NAME OF ISLAM, by Peter David. The Economist (US), Sept 13, 2003, 4 p.

THE KINGDOM OF SILENCE, by Lawrence Wright. New Yorker, January 5, 2004, pp. 48-73.

MODERN JIHAD: THE ISLAMIST CRUSADE, by Loretta Napoleoni. SAIS Review, Summer/Fall

2003, pp. 53-66.

PALESTINE, IRAQ, AND AMERICAN STRATEGY, by Michael Scott Doran. Foreign Affairs, January-February 2003, pp. 19-33.

PROMOTING DEMOCRATIZATION CAN COMBAT TERRORISM, by Jennifer L. Windsor. Washington Quarterly, Summer 2003, pp. 43-58.

RADICAL ISLAM, LIBERAL ISLAM, by M A Muqtedar Khan. Current History, December 2003, pp. 417-421.

THE REAL ROOTS OF ARAB ANTI-AMERICANISM, by Barry Rubin. Foreign Affairs, November/December, 2002, pp. 73-85.

THE SAUDI PARADOX, by Michael Scott Doran. Foreign Affairs, January/February 2004.

THE SHIITES AND THE FUTURE OF IRAQ, by Yitzhaz Nakash. Foreign Affairs, July/August 2003, pp. 17-26.

SHOULD HEZBOLLAH BE NEXT, by Daniel Byman. Foreign Affairs, November/December 2003, pp. 54-66.

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A TRUSTEESHIP FOR PALESTINE? By Martin Indyk. Foreign Affairs, May/June 2003, pp.51-66.

UNFULFILLED PROMISE: why the Middle East and North Africa region has lagged in growth and globalization, by George T. Abed. Finance & Development, March 2003.

Videos

PBS Frontline: Trail of a Terrorist. 60 min.

PBS Frontline: Inside the Terror Network. 60 min.

Websites

US Government sites

The Middle East: a vision for the future

U.S. Department of State. International Information Programs

http://usinfo.state.gov/mena/middle_east_north_africa/me_vision.html

Response to Terrorism

U.S. Department of State. International Information Programs

<http://usinfo.state.gov/topical/pol/terror/>

U.S. Department of State. Office of Counterterrorism

<http://www.state.gov/s/ct/>

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

<http://www.dhs.gov/dhspublic/>

White House. National Security

<http://www.whitehouse.gov/response/index.html>

Think Tanks

Brookings Institution / Saban Center for Middle East Policy

http://www.brook.edu/fp/saban/sabancenter_hp.htm

Brookings Institution / Terrorism and U.S. Foreign Policy

<http://www.brookings.edu/terrorism>

Carnegie Endowment for International Peace

<http://www.ceip.org/>

Center for Strategic and International Studies

<http://www.csis.org/>

Terrorism is premeditated, politically motivated violence perpetrated against noncombatant targets by subnational groups or clandestine agents, usually intended to influence an audience. Terrorism, as a special form of political violence, is not a philosophy or a political movement, but it uses extreme fear and violence, which breach social norms, to strike at symbolic targets with the ultimate aim of influencing political behavior.

Patterns of Global Terrorism

Council on Foreign Relations / Terrorism
http://www.cfr.org/reg_issues.php?id=13|||1

The Heritage Foundation
<http://www.heritage.org/>

International Policy Institute for Counter-Terrorism
<http://www.ict.org.il/institute/frame.htm>

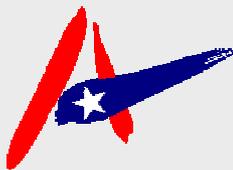
George C. Marshall Center for Security Studies
<http://www.marshallcenter.org/>

The Middle East Institute
<http://www.mideasti.org/>

The Middle East Media Research Institute
<http://www.memri.org/>

Rand Corporation
<http://www.rand.org/>

Terrorism Research Center
<http://www.terrorism.com/>



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